1. Identification

Product identifier: MEDIUM ZERO VOC REDUCER
Other means of identification: XR-70
Recommended use: Industrial applications.
Recommended restrictions: Professional use only

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer
Company name: Custom Shop
Address: 6695 Rasha
San Diego, CA 92121
United States
Telephone: Customer Service (858) 909-2110

Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Flammable liquids Category 2
Health hazards:
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards: Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.
Label elements

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement

Prevention: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.


Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information: None.
3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride</td>
<td></td>
<td>98-56-6</td>
<td>60 - &lt; 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE</td>
<td></td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>30 - &lt; 40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards
Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>2400 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>750 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Components</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>590 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>50 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Color

Clear colorless or nearly colorless

Odor

Naphthalenic odor.

Odor threshold

Not available.

pH

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

-137.2 °F (-94 °C) estimated

Initial boiling point and boiling range

132.8 °F (56 °C) estimated

Flash point

-0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

2.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper (%)

13 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure

97.39 hPa estimated

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water)

Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

1004 °F (540 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.
Viscosity
Not available.

Other information
- Density: 8.89 lbs/gal
- Explosive properties: Not explosive.
- Flammability class: Flammable IB estimated
- Oxidizing properties: Not oxidizing.
- Percent volatile: 100 %
- Specific gravity: 1.07
- VOC: 0 lbs/gal (0 g/l) Coating VOC
- VOC composite vapor pressure: 181.7 mm Hg at 68°F (Exempt)

10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials: Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information
Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
- Skin contact: No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
- Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
- Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
- Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity: Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 20 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>4468 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>33 mg/l, 4 hours (vapor)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Components** | **Species** | **Test Results**
---|---|---
Oral LD50 | Rat | 13000 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**
- **Respiratory sensitization**: Not a respiratory sensitizer.
- **Skin sensitization**: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
- **Germ cell mutagenicity**: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity**
This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**
This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**
Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard**
Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects**
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**
The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)</strong>&lt;br&gt;&lt;i&gt;Acute&lt;/i&gt;</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Micro-organisms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other</strong></td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Micro-organisms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong>&lt;br&gt;&lt;i&gt;Acute**&lt;br&gt;Algae</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Algae</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Crustacea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chronic</strong>&lt;br&gt;Crustacea</td>
<td>NOEC</td>
<td>Crustacea</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)**<br><i>Aquatic**<br>Algae | EC50 | Green algae (Chlamydomonas variabilis) | > 0.41 mg/l, 72 hours |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia magna | 2 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | EC50 | Zebra danio (Danio rerio) | 3 mg/l, 96 hours |
| **Chronic**<br>Algae | NOEC | Green algae (Chlamydomonas variabilis) | 0.41 mg/l, 21 days |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability**
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

- **Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**
  - **ACETONE**: 0.2, (log Pow)
  - **PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride**: 3.7
Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number
UN1263

UN proper shipping name
Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Label(s) 3

Packing group
II

Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions
149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions
150

Packaging non bulk
173

Packaging bulk
242

IATA

UN number
UN1263

UN proper shipping name
Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -

Packing group
II

Environmental hazards
Yes

ERG Code
3L

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information
Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number
UN1263

UN proper shipping name
PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -

Packing group
II

Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes

EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

DOT

IATA; IMDG

Marine pollutant

General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6) 1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 6532
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations
US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.
US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)
US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
US. Rhode Island RTK
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)
US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin
BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

International Inventories
Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision
Issue date 11-15-2015
Version # 01
HMIS® ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0
NFPA ratings

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